DESTINATION EARTH

CLIMATE DT: SIMULATIONS

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EARTH SYSTEMS MODELS (THE PHYSICAL CORE OF THE DT)



In essence

Mathematical representation of the Earth system through the fundamental laws governing the evolution and interactions between its different components.

In Practice

ESMs are our major tool to generate scientific understandig on topics as diverse as:

Attribution of past climate changes





Risk of tipping (Irreversible Changes)





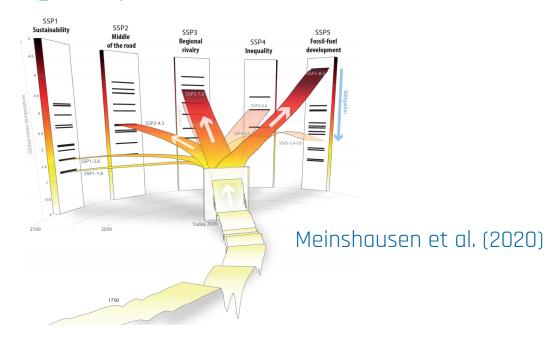
CMIP6 Activity Overview



Simpkins et al (2017)

Each CMIP6 activity and type of experiment has a purpose or several

Exploring our possible future climates



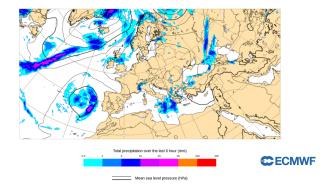






CLIMATE PROJECTIONS ARE NOT PREDICTIONS

Weather forecasts



Climate Predictions Both contributions matter!!

Climate projections



Days

Weeks

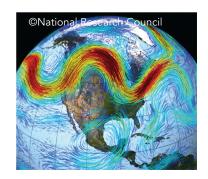
Months

Seasons

Years

Decades

Centuries



Models are **initialized with observations** to leverage the predictability of internal variability sources







The **projected evolution** in the **forcing factors** dictates the simulated future changes

CMIP6 Activity Overview



Simpkins et al (2017)

Each CMIP6 activity and type of experiment has a purpose or several

Determining baseline model features

DECK+historical

spinup: 200+ years

Equilibrate the model's climate

picontrol: 500+ years

Internal model variability

historical: 165 years (1850-2014)

Model validation vs observations Role of historical forcings





CMIP6 Activity Overview



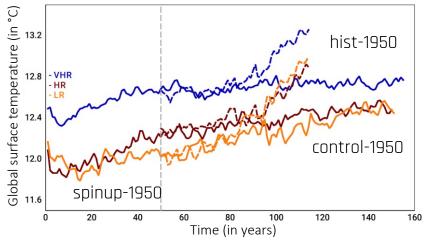
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Each CMIP6 activity and type of experiment has a purpose or several

Determining baseline model features

DECK+historical	HighResMIP	
spinup: 200+ years	spinup-1950: 50+ years	
Equilibrate the model's climate	Equilibrate the model's climate	
picontrol: 500+ years	control-1950: 100+ years	
Internal model variability	Internal model variability	
historical: 165 years (1850-2014)	irs (1850-2014) hist-1950: 65 years (1950-2014)	
Model validation vs observations Role of historical forcings	Model validation vs observations Role of historical forcings	

Example of HighResMIP runs with EC-Earth3P



Moreno-Chamarro et al (under review)

Each CMIP6 activity and type of experiment has a purpose or several

Determining baseline model features

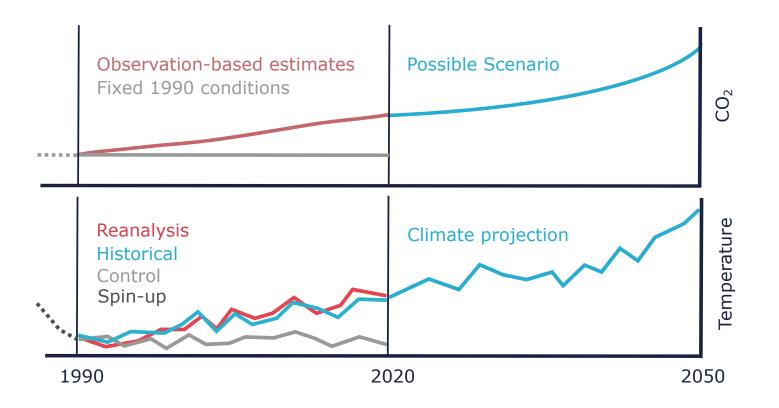
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CMIP6	HighResMIP	Destination Earth
spinup: 200+ years	spinup-1950: 50+ years	spinup: 5-yr ocean+ 2-yr coupled
Equilibrate the model's climate	Equilibrate the model's climate	Equilibrate from initial shocks
picontrol: 500+ years	control-1950: 100+ years	control-1990/2020: 60/30 years
Internal model variability	Internal model variability	Internal model variability Diagnose & correct remaining drifts
historical: 165 years (1850-2014)	hist-1950: 65 years (1950-2014)	historical: 30 years (1990-2019)
Model validation vs observations Role of historical forcings	Model validation vs observations Role of historical forcings	Model validation vs observations Role of historical forcings
ssp585: 86 years (2015-2100)	highres-future: 36 years (2015-2050)	ssp370: 30 years (2020-2049)
Assess long-term future	Assess near-term future	Assess near-term future
Typical resolutions: 100 kms	Finest resolutions: 10 kms (ocean) 20 kms (atmos)	Resolutions: 10 kms (ocean) 5-10 kms (atmos)





Schematic of climate DT simulations



Destination Earth

spinup: 5-yr ocean+ 2-yr coupled

Equilibrate from initial shocks

control-1990/2020: 60/30 years

Internal model variability
Diagnose & correct remaining drifts

historical: 30 years (1990-2019)

Model validation vs observations Role of historical forcings

ssp370: 30 years (2020-2049)

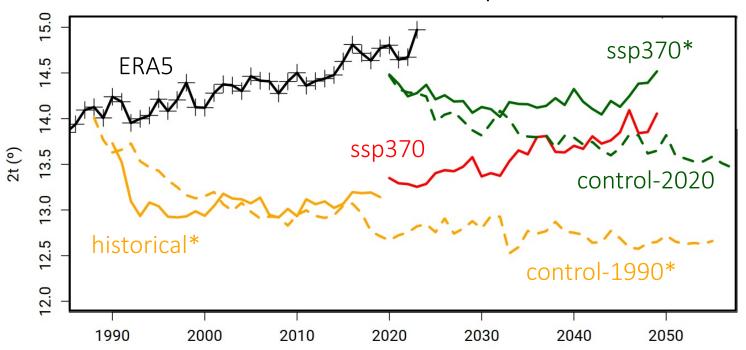
Assess near-term future

Resolutions: 10 kms (ocean) 5-10 kms (atmos)



Example of DE simulations with IFS-NEMO at LR

Global mean surface temperatures



* Experiments produced in phase-I

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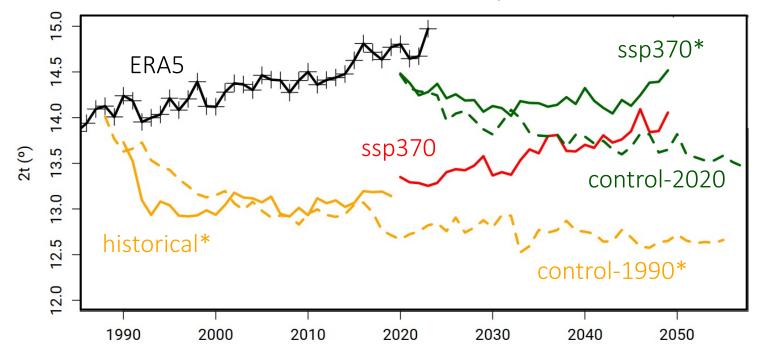
Assess near-term future

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Example of DE simulations with IFS-NEMO at LR

Global mean surface temperatures

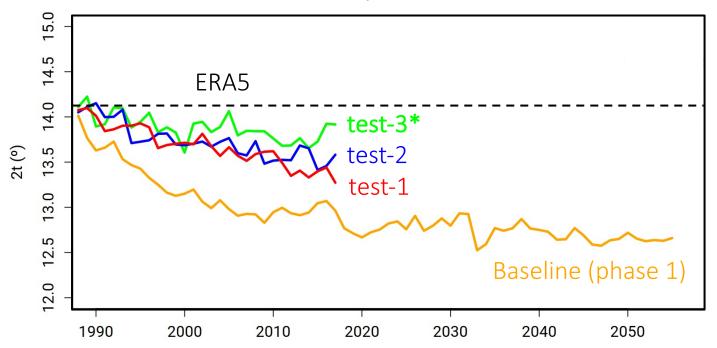


* Experiments produced in phase-I

- The spin-up strategy might need to be revised to mitigate the initial shocks
- The underlying problem is that the **model's** mean state is **too cold**. Cooling trends are substantially reduced in a newly tuned version of the model

Example of DE simulations with IFS-NEMO at LR

Global mean surface temperatures (control-1990 tests)



- The **spin-up strategy** might need to be revised to mitigate the initial shocks
 - Through in-depth analyses and several tests a new version with **substantially** reduced initial shocks is available, also validated at higher resolution

CLIMATE DT SIMULATIONS - TAKE HOME MESSAGES

- The **experimental protocol** for the climate DT is a streamlined version of the HighResMIP protocol conceived to ran at km-scale resolutions
- All experiments produced (spin-up, control, historical, scenarios) have their purpose and ultimately seek to produce trustworthy climate projections to support climate change adaptation
- Main issues affecting phase-I simulations have been carefully addressed for the **second phase of the climate DT**.

