# FORECASTING COMPOUND FLOOD **IMPACTS USING EXTREMES DT**

### **DE\_370A DELTARES**

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Funded by the European Union Destination Earth implemented by CECMWF CESA EUMETSAT



### **OBJECTIVE DE\_370A**

- Focus on impact sector of Compound flooding
- DT demonstrators for climate adaptation and disaster mitigation
  - Five use cases: Humber estuary (UK), Reunion, Philippines, Basque (Spain), Caribbean Netherlands
  - User requirements via co-creation
  - Leverage Extremes DT and Climate DT data
- Connect to existing platforms/services
  - Yet flexible in models, forecast product, forcing, boundary condition used
  - Global to local approach
  - Connect to DEDL



Credit: modified based on compound flooding research of The Water Institute



### **MODEL WORKFLOW**

- Meteorological input from ECMWF: ERA5, IFS or Extremes DT
- Hydrological model WFLOW can be replaced by e.g. local, or GLOFAS
- Coastal hydrodynamics downscaled from GTSM, simulated by DFLOW-FM
- Offshore waves provided by Hurrywave regional and local models
- Flood extent simulated by SFINCS
- Impact estimated by **Delft-FIAT**



### **DT CAPABILITY PROVISION**

#### Real data

- Global data and local measurements
- Extreme DT and Climate DT

#### Real physics

- With five unique compound flooding use cases
- Flash flood, tide + surge dominated, wave dominated, tropical cyclone driven;
- Deltas & (small) islands
- Integration
  - All models connected via global to local approach
  - Runs in DestinE Data Lake
  - Considering user`s existing system
- Interactivity/Co-creation
  - DestinE user requirement



#### **ECMWF - DESTINATION EARTH**

**EFCMWF** 

### **USER ENGAGEMENT**

- Compound flooding is important issue to address
  - EA: Humber estuary is difficult to model due to complex interaction between rivers and sea
- Extreme DT improves high resolution flood forecasting
  - Red Cross NL: A quality flood forecast will enable the Red Cross to use limited humanitarian funds more efficiently
  - DEAL Reunion: High resolution NWP is very important for rainfall and flash forecasting in La Reunion
- Deltares: We are working towards the UN's Early Warnings for All initiative by leveraging DT's services in DestinE.





## **RESEARCH QUESTION**

### Will high resolution NWP of Extremes DT leads to improved flood impact simulation?





## **HYDROLOGICAL MODELLING**

- High resolution total accumulated precipitation during storm Ciara in Humber estuary, UK
- River discharge forecasts show mixed results
- Likely due to most rainfall occurring outside the catchment and hydraulic structures





1500

IES

FRAS

Total accumulated rainfall during Storm Chiara: ERA5, IFS, Extreme DT

Domain 1 Inflow 3

DT

125



IES

ERA5





## **STORM SURGE MODELLING**

- Storm Ciara 2020, Humber estuary, UK
- Small differences spotted among models forced by meteorological forcings
- Likely due to combination of large-scale wind patterns in the North Sea and local bathymetry











*Water level timeseries (tide + surge) of forecasts based on different meteorological forcing during Storm Ciara. Forecast error are shown in the bottom row* 

#### **C**ECMWF

Global Tide and Surge model (GTSM) grid in Europe



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### **OFFSHOARE WAVES**

- Tropical Cyclone Belal 2024, Reunion
- Local differences in wave height around Reunion between ERA5 and IFS/Extremes DT
- Good validation results with global (low-resolution) bathymetric data



Significant wave height validation at station North of island



Significant wave height comparisons during TC Belal, Reunion



### **FLOOD EXTENT MODELLING**

- Tropical Cyclone Belal 2024, Reunion
- Flood extents (fluvial flooding dominate) are very similar among various forcings, the flood depths are different, especially in Extremes DT results
- As ERA5 underestimates TC intensity, this might indicate improved performance of Extremes DT



Flood maps for TC Belal in the northwest of La Réunion: a) ERA5; b) IFS; c) Extremes DT; d) flood depth of IFS-Extremes DT; e) flood depth of IFS-ERA5

## **FLOOD EXTENT MODELLING**

- TC Haiyan 2013, Philippines
- More coastal floodings for ERA5/ IBTrACS vs IFS as main flood driver is storm surge

**C**ECMWF



Flood maps for TC Haiyan near Tacloban Philippines: a) ERA5/IBTrACS; b) IFS; c) Difference;

## FLOOD IMPACT MODELLING

- Based on maximum flood depth, building, land use
- Damage per building
- Damage per administrative region



**ECMWF** Flood damage per building for TC Tammy 2023 in St Maarten: a) Extremes DT; b) Harmonie;



*Flood damage per building for TC Haiyan near Tacloban Philippines: a) ERA5/IBTrACS; b) IFS;* 

Cyclone Fakir 2018 - IFS

Cyclone Fakir 2018 - ERA5



Flood damage per region for TC Belal in Reunion: a) IFS; b) ERA5



# **CONNECT TO DATA LAKE**

- Integration in DestinE Data Lake
  - Request DT extreme data from EuroHPC/data lake;
  - Run on scalable infra (Kubernetes clusters)
- Towards operational DTs
  - Semi-automated quick compound flood model setup for new use cases
  - Make data available for users directly from the Data Lake



Compound flooding Workflow in DestinE Data Lake



### **RECOMMENDATION TO SERVICE EVOLUTION**

- Validate Extremes DT:
  - Validate using more recent and historical flood events.
- Develop Pilot Service:
  - Create an operational compound flood forecasting service.
- Include Uncertainty:
  - Process-based flood models require high computational costs.
  - Extremes DT currently provides deterministic forecasts.
- Explore Al-Based Applications:
  - Use AI-based emulators or surrogate models.
- Improve Data Access and API:
  - Enhance data access and API capabilities.



### **QUESTIONS?**



